

COVID-19 affects different people in different ways. Most infected people will develop mild to moderate illness and recover without hospitalization.

Most common symptoms:

- * feve
- * drv couah
- * tiredness
- * Less common symptoms
- * aches and pains
- * sore throat
- * diarrhoea
- conjunctivitis
- * headache
- * loss of taste or smel
- * a rash on skin, or discolouration of fingers or toes

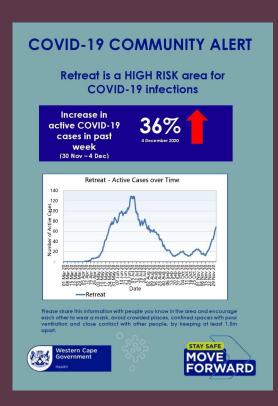
Serious symptoms:

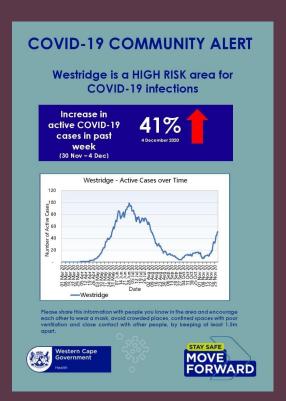
- * difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
- * chest pain or pressure
- * loss of speech or movement

Seek immediate medical attention if you have serious symptoms. Always call before visiting your doctor or health facility.

People with mild symptoms who are otherwise healthy should manage their symptoms at home

On average it takes 5–6 days from when someone is infected with the virus for symptoms to show, however it can take up to 14 days.





Protect yourself and others around you by knowing the facts and taking appropriate precautions. Follow advice provided by your local health authority.

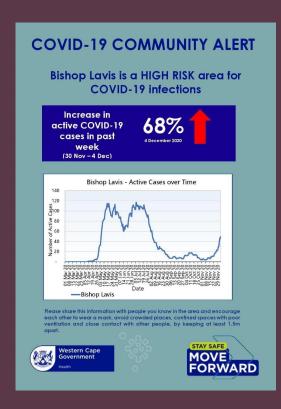
To prevent the spread of COVID-19:

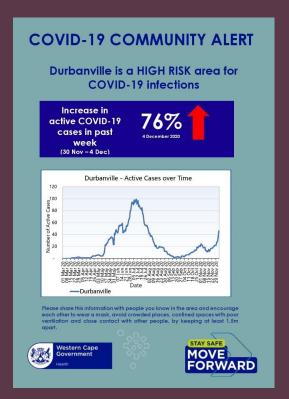
- * Clean your hands often. Use soap and water, or an alcohol-based hand rub.
- * Maintain a safe distance from anyone who is coughing or sneezing.
- * Wear a mask when physical distancing is not possible.
- * Don't touch your eyes, nose or mouth.
- * Cover your nose and mouth with your bent elbow or a tissue when you cough or sneeze.
- * Stay home if you feel unwell.
- * If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention.

Calling in advance allows your healthcare provider to quickly direct you to the right health facility. This protects you, and prevents the spread of viruses and other infections.

Masks

Masks can help prevent the spread of the virus from the person wearing the mask to others. Masks alone do not protect against COVID-19, and should be combined with physical distancing and hand hygiene. Follow the advice provided by your local health authority.





To date, there are no specific vaccines or medicines for COVID-19. Treatments are under investigation, and will be tested through clinical trials. World Health Organization

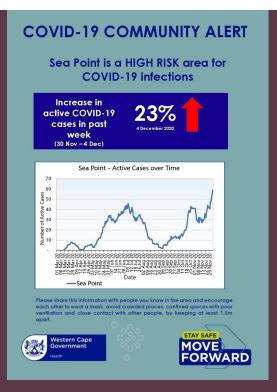
Self-care

If you feel sick you should rest, drink plenty of fluid, and eat nutritious food. Stay in a separate room from other family members, and use a dedicated bathroom if possible. Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces.

Everyone should keep a healthy lifestyle at home. Maintain a healthy diet, sleep, stay active, and make social contact with loved ones through the phone or internet. Children need extra love and attention from adults during difficult times. Keep to regular routines and schedules as much as possible.

It is normal to feel sad, stressed, or confused during a crisis. Talking to people you trust, such as friends and family, can help. If you feel overwhelmed, talk to a health worker or counsellor.

Bothasig is a HIGH RISK area for COVID-19 infections Increase in active COVID-19 cases in past week (30 Nov - 4 Dec) Bothasig - Active Cases over Time Bothasia - Active Cases over Time Bo



Medical treatments

If you have mild symptoms and are otherwise healthy, self-isolate and contact your medical provider or a COVID-19 information line for advice.

Seek medical care if you have a fever, a cough, and difficulty breathing. Call in advance.

National hotline: 0800 029 999 Provincial hotline: 021 928 4102 Toll-free hotline: 080 928 4102 WhatsApp "Hi" to 0600 123 456

Email: doh.dismed@westerncape.gov.za

All lines are operational 24/7. The above contact details are for health-related matters only.

For all other enquiries please see details for our provincial contact centre.

To make a complaint about a business' COVID-19 safety compliance click here.

Businesses, report a positive case of COVID-19 in the workplace with this online form.

Dial *134*234# to report non-compliance of public transport.

COVID-19 COMMUNITY ALERT Lentegeur is a HIGH RISK area for COVID-19 infections Increase in active COVID-19 26% ADecember 2000 Lentegeur - Active Cases over Time Lentegeur - Active Cases over Time

MOVE FORWARD

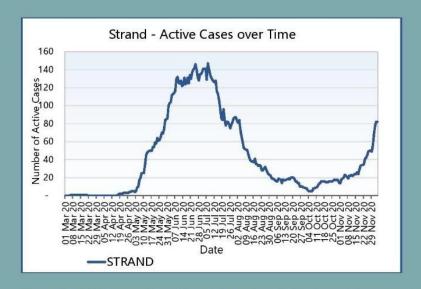
Milnerton is a HIGH RISK area for COVID-19 infections Increase in active COVID-19 cases in post week (30 Nov - 4 Dec) Milnerton - Active Cases over Time Milnerton - Active Cases over Time Milnerton - Active Cases over Time December 2000 Milnerton - December 2000 Milnerton - Active Cases over Time Decemb

COVID-19 COMMUNITY ALERT

Strand is a HIGH RISK area for **COVID-19 infections**

Increase in active COVID-19 cases in past week (30 Nov - 4 Dec)





Please share this information with people you know in the area and encourage each other to wear a mask, avoid crowded places, confined spaces with poor ventilation and close contact with other people, by keeping at least 1.5m







City Improvement District Blackheat

committed to making a difference

